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DV REGULATIONS FOR THE ZUCHTTAUGLICHKEITSPRÜFUNG (ZTP) (BREED SUITABILITY TEST)

Preamble

As from 01.03.2011 a blood sample will be taken from every participating dog at every ZTP in Germany as well as in foreign countries, in order to establish a DNA-based identity profile. The officiating judge has to be reimbursed at the ZTP for the costs involved. If the DNA analysis does not confirm the identity of the dog, then the ZTP will be declared void with immediate effect. The imposition of a possible penalty will be decided by the Presidium.

Change as of 01.01.2011: **DNA samples from other institutes or from foreign countries will no longer be approved.** Further research has shown that the ISAG2006 method is not sufficient to fully determine a DNA-based profile of the dog for the Dobermann breed. Based on this research DV had decided, as of October 2011, to use a DNA Marker-Set composed by Generatio. This Marker-Set guarantees a reliable result of the pedigree of the participating dog.

Change as of 01.01.2014: Starter ZTP is abrogated. (See more page 6/VIII "Starter ZTP")

Changes in the breed standard / cropping: For all dogs, born after 01.08.2016, the new international breed standard is applicable. Cropped dogs, born after 01.08.2016, will not get permission to start.

All dogs who are cropped in a foreign country before 01.08.2016 have lifelong permission to participate at German ZTP.

Change as of 01.01.2021:

Only dogs from who both parents have German ZTP, are admitted to the ZTP. The proof of the HD evaluation is no longer sufficient. For newly added IDC member countries, there is a transitional period of 5 years, this period will end no later than 31.12.2022.

Purpose of the Breed Suitability Test – ZTP

The reason and purpose of the ZTP is to determine, in accordance with the Breed aims, the suitable Dobermann for breeding, and to exclude the unsuitable dog from breeding.

I. Conduct / Registration dates / Authorization

- 1) Breed Suitability Tests (ZTP) are standalone events and cannot be held in direct (on the same day) conjunction with Breed Shows or IPO trials. A ZTP can only be held on a Saturday/Sunday and/or on a public holiday. An Endurance Test (ADPr) can take place on the same day subject to permission by the officiating judge, the agreement in writing must be obtained prior to the closing date of the event.
- 2) Should a Breed Show take place on the day following the ZTP, then all participants in the ZTP and in the Breed Show will receive their gradings and documentation (provided that all requirements under *Point V* have been met) at the end of the Breed Show.
- 3) The organisation of the ZTP is in the hands of the respective IDC member club
- 4) The IDC member club can organise themselves or delegate the organisation to a subdivision
- 5) An insurance for the event must be provided by the organizer.
- 6) The application for the event registration must contain the name and address of the organisation and the organizer, the trial responsible, the Breed Judge and the closing date for entries.
- 7) Venue and starting time are to be specified on the application.
- 8) Event registration will only be granted if the application reaches the DV Head Office timeously (at least 60 days prior to event date) so as to allow for the publication thereof in the DV magazine - Unser Dobermann. ZTP events can only be held if and when permission has been granted by DV.
- 9) The organizer has to ensure that at least 7 dogs take part in the test; with fewer dogs the ZTP does not take place. Maximum number of participants is 15 dogs on the day of the test. Per exception the President will decide if fewer than 7 dogs take part.
- 10) In accordance with the test regulations a suitable venue has to be provided.
- 11) The venue must be reserved and on the day of the test must be exclusively available for the purposes of the ZTP.
- 12) The final responsibility as to the suitability of the venue rests with the Breed judge.
- 13) Persons who do not take part in the ZTP and are not under the control of the Breed judge have no access to the test area.
- 14) All dogs on the venue are to be accommodated in such a way that the conduct of the test is not disturbed in any way.

II. Breed Judge

- 1) ZTP Tests can only be judged by specially licensed ZTP judges.
- 2) The Breed Judge and the assailant are appointed by the IDC member club.
- 3) Dogs which are owned by the officiating judge, Test Manager, Assailant or their family members cannot take part in the ZTP.
- 4) On the day of the test all documentation has to be submitted in the original (pedigrees, HD assessments, vWD certificate, proof of BH, dental certification (if applicable, see IX 6) and the original ZTP assessment of dogs submitted for a second time (deferred dogs).
- 5) If the above mentioned documentation is not made available to the Breed judge in its entirety in the original form then the Breed judge cannot judge the dog. Exceptions are **NOT** possible.
- 6) In case clarification is required the Breed Judge is entitled to retain all documentation which will be forwarded to the Breed Registry office. ZTP recognition will only be awarded once all outstanding issues have been resolved. The DV Presidium decides on any further proceedings and informs the participant accordingly.
- 7) The results of the ZTP tests will be announced only at the end of the event.

III. Trial responsible

- 1) When selecting the position of Trial responsible the organizer has to ensure that the appointed person is suitably qualified with regards to all requirements for the conduct of a ZTP. The basis therefore are these regulations.
- 2) The owner of the dog has to present his membership card from DV or IDC member country
- 3) The Trial responsible checks the required documentation and prepares the assessment forms.
- 4) Report schedules are to be in compliance with the requirements of the event registration.
- 5) Furthermore, the Trial responsible is responsible for the undisturbed running of the test as well as the provision of all required items such as protective clothing for the assailant, measuring device, microchip scanner, pistol etc. and the demarcation of the isolation and starting point.
- 6) The Trial responsible has to ensure that the minimum age of the dogs (15 months) is correctly observed.
- 7) All dogs on the test grounds are to be accommodated in such a way that the conduct of the test is not disturbed in any way whatsoever.
- 8) The Trial responsible must ensure that no dog may wear a spike collar during the entire duration of the test.
- 9) Upon completion of the test, the Trial responsible has to complete all required report schedules.
- 10) The results of the ZTP test will be announced only at the end of the event.
- 11) Should a Breed Show take place on the day following the ZTP, then all participants in the ZTP and in the Breed Show will receive their gradings and documentation (provided that all requirements under *Point V* have been met) at the conclusion of the Breed Show.
- 12) If all requirements have been met, the Breed Suitability Test assessment is to be handed to the owner/handler on the day of the test (for exceptions see *Point I.2.* and *Point V.15.*)
- 13) A copy of the report with the relevant summary is to be submitted to the DV Head Office within 3 days of the event.
- 14) A second copy of the report and the corresponding summary is to be handed to the Breed judge.
- 15) The financial statement must be made immediately by the head of the examination with the organizing country group or department
- 16) The compensation of the ZTP Breed Judge and the helper will be paid according to the corresponding VDH expenses regulations

IV. Assailant

- 1) A suitable and licensed assailant must be available for the test.
- 2) The assailant must provide a qualification licensed document
- 3) The assailant has to wear corresponding protective clothing and is equipped with a stick and a sleeve.
- 4) The assailant must be insured for the test.
- 5) No dog may wear a spike collar during the entire duration of the test.

V. Participants

- 1) Participation can only be granted if all requirements for the admission to the ZTP test have been met.
- 2) The minimum age of participating dogs is 15 months.
- 3) Both owner and handler must be a member of an IDC member country and provide proof of membership of the DV or an IDC Member Club.
- 4) The relevant valid membership document must be checked before the start.
- 5) Public liability insurance for dog, owner and handler must have been obtained – policy number to be provided and checked by the organisation
- 6) The handler does not have to be the owner of the dog.
- 7) A handler may not handle more than 2 dogs per test day.
- 8) In the case of a deferred dog, the participant has to inform the Breed judge prior to the start of the ZTP.

- 9) If the identity and the origin of the dog cannot be ascertained with 100% certainty then the participation in the ZTP is not possible.
- 10) Proof of successful '**Begleithundeprüfung/BH**' must be provided
- 11) It is the personal responsibility of the owner/handler to provide the required documentation for ZTP entry timorously.
- 12) On the day of the test all documentation must be provided to the Breed judge in its **original**
 - Pedigree
 - HD Assessment
 - vWD certificate
 - Original proof of successful Begleithundeprüfung/BH
 - Membership card of an IDC member club (owner & handler)
 - Dental certification if applicable
 - Record card (where applicable)
 - Original ZTP assessment of dogs submitted for a second time (deferred dogs) By transfer into the German Breed Register, approval for the ZTP is required by the Breed Registry office.
- 13) If the above mentioned documentation is not made available to the Breed judge in its entirety in the original form then the Breed judge cannot judge the dog. Exceptions are **NOT** possible.
- 14) The entry fee must be received by the organizer prior to the event.
- 15) In cases requiring clarification the Breed Judge is entitled to retain all documentation which will be forwarded to the Breed Registry office. ZTP recognition will only be awarded once all outstanding issues have been resolved.
- 16) The DV Presidium decides on any further proceedings and informs the participant accordingly.
- 17) All dogs on the test grounds are to be accommodated in such a way that the conduct of the test is not disturbed in any way whatsoever.

VI. Dogs from Foreign Countries

Dobermanns from foreign countries can also take part in the ZTP provided the prerequisites in accordance with the regulations of the DV have been met.

- 1) Membership of and pedigree of a Kennel Club belonging to the FCI is required.
- 2) Foreign dogs which have been transferred into the German Breed Register have to provide a German pedigree in the original to the Breed judge. The approval of transfer is recorded on this pedigree.
- 3) The minimum age of participating dogs is 15 months.
- 4) For every participating dog the owner must provide the pedigree, the HD assessment, vWD certificate, BH proof, HD of the parents and/or the corresponding ZTP reports of the parents at the latest 6 weeks prior to the date of the test.
- 5) For Dobermanns bred in foreign countries whose owners have their permanent seat of residence in Germany, proof of transfer and approval of transfer from the Breed Registrar is required for participation in the ZTP (*requirements in terms of the Breed Regulations of the DV e.V.*), when these papers are failing then participation is not allowed. Exceptions are **NOT** possible.
- 6) For dogs imported from America, with American parents, a cardio assessments and blood analysis must be provided (*please enquire with the IDC Breed Warden for further information*).
- 7) Conditions for participation as stated under *Point V*.
- 8) Participation in the ZTP will only be granted for clear and carrier dogs of vWD.

VII. ZTP in Foreign Countries

The German ZTP regulations are valid for all ZTP tests in foreign countries.

- 1) Where ZTP tests - within the IDC - are planned in foreign countries, a corresponding event registration must be applied for at the DV Head Office.
- 2) The application must be approved at least 3 months before the planned test.
- 3) Complete documentation for every participating dog must be lodged with the Breed Registrar 6 weeks prior to the event (*FCI guidelines*).

- 4) The owner/handler is personally responsible for the timeous submission of the required documentation.
- 5) The owner of the dog must either be a member of the DV or a member of an IDC Member Club.
- 6) A handler may not handle more than 2 dogs per test day.
- 7) Dogs which are owned by the officiating judge, assailant or their family members can not take part in the ZTP.
- 8) In the case of a deferred dog, the participant has to inform the Breed judge prior to the start of the ZTP.
- 9) On the day of the test all documentation must be provided to the Breed judge in its **original**
 - a) Pedigree
 - b) HD Assessment – including the HD assessments of the parent animals and a copy of their ZTP assessments
 - c) vWD certificate
 - d) Record Card (if applicable)
 - e) Membership card of DV or IDC member club
 - f) original proof of successful 'Begleithundeprüfung/BH'
 - g) Dental certification if applicable
 - h) Original ZTP assessment of dogs submitted for a second time (deferred dogs)
- 10) If the above mentioned documentation is not made available to the Breed judge in its entirety in the original form then the Breed judge cannot judge the dog. Exceptions are **NOT** possible.
- 11) If the identity and the origin of the dog cannot be ascertained with 100% certainty then the participation in the ZTP is not possible.
- 12) In cases requiring clarification the Breed Judge is entitled to retain all documentation which will be forwarded to the Breed Registry office. ZTP recognition will only be awarded once all outstanding issues have been resolved.
- 13) The DV Presidium decides on any further proceedings and informs the participant accordingly.
- 14) Only DV licensed Breed judges with certified permission can officiate.
- 15) Such DV licensed Breed judges in IDC countries can only be active in their own country (exceptions are only possible with special dispensation from the Dobermann Verein in writing).
- 16) For dogs imported from America, with American parent animals, a cardio assessments and blood analysis must be provided (*please enquire with the IDC Breed Warden for further information*).

VIII. Starter-ZTP

As of 01.01.2014 the Starter ZTP was abrogated (*according to the decision of the IDC Congress 2013*).

Limited in time it will be possible for newly joined countries to carry out a Starter ZTP after consultation the committee IDC.

- 1) In order to facilitate international co-operation and so as to realize all possibilities for the unification of existing Breed regulations within the IDC, a so-called Starter-ZTP can take place.
- 2) The Starter-ZTP is not recognized as Breed permission in Germany.
- 3) The conduct of the Starter-ZTP is in accordance with the terms of the ZTP regulations.
- 4) With a Starter-ZTP, HD assessments of the parent animals are not required
- 5) The progeny of dogs with a successful Starter-ZTP are admitted to the ZTP in Germany if both parents (father & mother) have successfully passed a ZTP or Starter-ZTP, provided that in terms of the relevant regulations, all necessary documentation has been furnished.

IX. Breed Permission

- 1) Only dogs which are bred in accordance with the Breed Regulations of the DV e.V. and which have been assessed for HD can take part in a ZTP.
 - 1a) It is prohibited to apply for HD assessment, for the same dog, in several countries. For the admission to the ZTP test in general the HD assessment has to be done in Germany. HD assessment outside Germany can be approved for certain countries under specific conditions. The most important condition is that the owner lives in the country where the acceptance and the HD assessment was done and that the dog was born or registered in this country. An objection can be made against an assessment and a second expert opinion will be requested. The request for a second expert opinion must be done in the country where the first assessment was done. For an objection against an assessment done in Germany (second x-ray) apply the following rules:
 - the applicant (dog owner) must have written permission beforehand from the breed warden
 - The applicant (dog owner) must declare in writing that he / she accepts the requested expert report as final and binding (The form can be obtained from the main office or the breed warden)
 - The x-rays must be made in a German veterinary university or university clinic.
 - The application for the preparation of a final report must be accompanied by the initial admission (s) and two new entries in positions 1 and 2. The forwarding of the first admission to the supervisor is - after the receipt of the second admission at the breed warden- prompted by him.If this procedure is not followed, the HD evaluation can be revoked. If discrepancies are discovered at a later date, this will result in the withdrawal of breeding approval. This may affect offspring of the concerning dog as well.
- 2) The assessment (German HD assessment) must be available in the original on the day of the ZTP.
- 3) Only dogs which have been assessed for HD 1 or HD 2 (HD A or HD B) can be entered for a ZTP.
- 4) Only dogs that are verifiable clear or carrier of vWD disease are allowed to participate. Dogs that are affected have no breeding permission and can also not participate at ZTP. The original certificate must be provided at the day of the test. For a dog that is bred in a foreign country the vWD certificate has to be provided with the application to participate., the certificate has to be provided to the Breed Registrar along with all required documents.
- 5) Proof of a successful Begleithundeprüfung/BH held under the auspices of a member Club of the VDH/FCI must be furnished in the original on the day of the test (*original Record card/book*).
- 6) A dental certificate can only be requested in accordance with this procedure:
 - a) submission of three judging reports as of youth class, of which at least two under a German DV judge and one under a recognized, international breed specialist. As proof only these judging reports will be accepted.
 - b) an alternative submission is a high quality x-ray (with veterinarian certificate) on which the alveolus is clearly visible. This x-ray will be forwarded to an independent expert for evaluation. Only after an appropriate report of the expert a dental certificate will be made.
 - c) In both cases there is a fee of 25€ that has to be paid by the applicant.
- 7) The owner of the dog must be a member of the Dobermann Verein e.V. or and IDC member country
- 8) For Dobermanns bred in foreign countries whose owners have their permanent seat of residence in Germany, proof of transfer and approval of transfer from the Breed Registrar is required for participation in the ZTP (*requirements in terms of the Breed Regulations of the DV e.V.*), failing which participation is not allowed. Exceptions are **NOT** possible.
- 9) Dogs which have been deferred at a prior ZTP test, can only be resubmitted after a period of 3 months.
- 10) Dogs which have failed upon re-submission cannot be presented again and are consequently classified as ***Not Fit for Breeding***.
- 11) The decision of the Breed judge with regard to the conformation grading and the character assessment cannot be disputed.
- 12) Errors of formality are to be reported to the Trial responsible on the day of the test. Should a clarification not be achieved on the day of the test, then the matter must be referred to the DV Presidium for a decision.

- 13) Breed permission is valid for the duration of the breeding life (*refer to Breed regulations*) provided no breed restrictions are imposed by the Presidium in case of latent hereditary faults. The renouncing of the Breed permission has to be substantiated in writing and the owner of the dog must be informed by registered post.
- 14) The assessments of the ZTP reports for dogs classified as **Suitable for Breeding** are recorded in the pedigrees of their progeny.

X. Test Procedure

The handler reports to the Breed judge and if applicable has to inform the judge of a prior deferment of the dog.

1. Assessment of the Conformation Grading

Males are judged first and then the females. The assessments of the ZTP judge are to be recorded in the relevant documentation (*ZTP test report and pedigree*) and are to be signed by the Trial responsible and the judge. Failed ZTP tests are also to be recorded on the pedigrees.

2. Character Assessments

Reasons for exclusions are discussed further in the regulations for the conduct of the test. Aggressive, fearful and shy dogs are to be excluded from breeding.

3. Determination and announcement of the Conformation Grading

The determination of the conformation grading by the DV Breed judge is entered in the ZTP test report. After conclusion of the test every participant receives a ZTP certificate for the dog presented.

GUIDELINES & REGULATIONS FOR THE PRACTICAL CONDUCT OF THE ZTP

Determination of the Conformation Grading

- 1) Prior to the start of the ZTP, the judge briefly explains to all participants the purpose and aims of the test and the required exercises.
- 2) The Breed Judge or the Trial responsible confirms the identity of the dog by means of the pedigree and the tattoo/microchip number.
- 3) In conversation with the handler, the judge obtains details with regard to training, keeping, possible changes in ownership and environmental influence of the presented dog.
- 4) Conformation grading is in accordance with the guidelines as decided by the 'Judges Association' of the DV.
- 5) Deviations from the standard height measurements of up to 2cms are to be penalized by reducing the conformation grading. Deviations of more than 2cms lead to breed disqualification.
- 6) Dogs with dentition faults such as overshot/undershot bites, pincer bite and dental undercount in accordance with the dental scheme and any anomaly in the tooth pattern, are unsuitable for breeding.
- 7) The composure of the dog during the height measurement and dentition examination is to be especially noted (possible pointers to character deficiencies).

Minimum Conformation Grading required for Dogs is: -	Very Good (SG)
Minimum Conformation Grading required for Bitches is: -	Good (G)

Behavior of the dog in the Group Exercises - determination of the reaction to gunshot and in the isolation:

- 1) After the determination of the conformation grading follows the character assessment within the group.
- 2) A group consisting of between 8 - 10 persons firstly forms a closed front and the handler approaches the group and passes through an opening in the middle.
- 3) Upon instruction from the judge the group and the handler make an about turn and again walk towards each other and dog and handler again pass through the opening. As the dog passes through the group an acoustic noise is created (shaker – a metal container filled with stones).
- 4) Upon instruction from the judge the group and the handler again make an about turn and once again the dog passes through the opening in the group. When passing through the group an optical signal is now created (opening of an umbrella).
- 5) Subsequently the group forms a big circle. The handler takes his dog to the centre of the circle and stops without command. On instruction of the judge, the group moves rapidly towards the dog and encloses dog and handler tightly. This procedure is repeated a second time.
- 6) Upon instruction from the judge, the group dissolves and mingles on the spot. The handler takes his dog on lead, without coercion, through the mingling group and around individual persons.
- 7) The handler then approaches a single standing person from the front and circles the person tightly from the right. The handler then stops in front of this person and greets the person with handshake. During the entire sequence the dog may not display aggressive, shy or nervous behavior.
- 8) During all exercises it is important that no threatening influence is directed towards the dog.
- 9) Only self-confidence, fearlessness, temperament, conduct control and threshold of irritation, should be assessed here.
- 10) Handler and dog now proceed in the direction of the isolation location, and upon instruction from the judge make an about turn and proceeds towards the judge with the dog on loose lead. During the approach towards the judge and upon instruction of the judge, two shots are fired (6mm pistol). Gun shy dogs are not suitable for breeding. Sensitivity to gun shots is to be clearly distinguished from gun shyness.
- 11) Now, dog and handler proceed to the isolation location and the handler ties the dog to the lead provided for this purpose (without e.g. putting the dog under pressure with a down command). He removes his lead and moves out of sight of the dog.
- 12) The isolation location is to be freely accessible from all directions (i.e. corresponding distances from walls, fences, trees, shrubs etc.).
- 13) The isolation of the dog lasts approximately 5 minutes. At a distance of 2 to 3 paces, the judge walks past or around the dog without threatening it. The judge then stops in front or next to the dog and drops an article, such as a magazine/clipboard. The behavior of the dog during the handler's absence is to be especially noted.
- 14) Upon instruction from the judge the handler retrieves his dog.
- 15) Thereafter the handler with his dog moves out of sight of the assailant.
- 16) Depending upon the prevailing circumstances the judge decides where the handler has to remain with his dog.
- 17) Leather collar and harness are permissible for the manwork.
- 18) The handler then approaches a single standing person from the front and circles the person tightly from the right. The handler then stops in front of this person and greets the person with handshake. During the entire sequence the dog may not display aggressive, shy or nervous behavior.
- 19) During all exercises it is important that no threatening influence is directed towards the dog.
- 20) Only self-confidence, fearlessness, temperament, conduct control and threshold of irritation, should be assessed here.
- 21) Handler and dog now proceed in the direction of the isolation location, and upon instruction from the judge make an about turn and proceeds towards the judge with the dog on loose lead. During the approach towards the judge and upon instruction of the judge, two shots are fired (6mm pistol). Gun shy dogs are not suitable for breeding. Sensitivity to gun shots is to be clearly distinguished from gun shyness.

- 22) Now, dog and handler proceed to the isolation location and the handler ties the dog to the lead provided for this purpose (without e.g. putting the dog under pressure with a down command). He removes his lead and moves out of sight of the dog.
- 23) The isolation location is to be freely accessible from all directions (i.e. corresponding distances from walls, fences, trees, shrubs etc.).
- 24) The isolation of the dog lasts approximately 5 minutes. At a distance of 2 to 3 paces, the judge walks past or around the dog without threatening it. The judge then stops in front or next to the dog and drops an article, such as a magazine/clipboard. The behavior of the dog during the handler's absence is to be especially noted.
- 25) Upon instruction from the judge the handler retrieves his dog.
- 26) Thereafter the handler with his dog moves out of sight of the assailant.
- 27) Depending upon the prevailing circumstances the judge decides where the handler has to remain with his dog.
- 28) Leather collar and harness are permissible for the manwork.

The Assailant takes up position in the hide as indicated by the Judge:

- 1) Upon instruction of the Judge, handler and dog enter the test area anew.
- 2) The Judge instructs the handler to walk with his dog in a certain direction or to the indicated starting point.
- 3) Upon instruction of the Judge, handler and dog proceed to the hide (the provision of one or two hides is possible).
- 4) The dog is on lead for this exercise.
- 5) Upon instruction from the Judge, a frontal attack on the dog now takes place by the assailant out of the hide.
- 6) The handler is permitted to support his dog verbally.
- 7) In this exercise the dog is to prove his protective instinct.
- 8) The assailant threatens the dog only after the dog has bitten the sleeve.
- 9) During this exercise the dog is threatened verbally and physically but does not receive any stick blows.
- 10) The assailant terminates the attack upon instruction from the Judge.

Clarification

It is imperative that the assailant wears a complete protective suit – pants and jacket. The stick used for threatening, should not bend too much. The assailant may only work as directed by the judge, which means the judge decides on the beginning and on the end of the 'defense of handler' exercise. The attack always takes place from the front and against the dog. If the dog counters the attack then the assailant threatens the dog verbally and physically. The stick may only be used for threatening but under no circumstances for beating the dog.

- 11) Thereafter the assailant retreats approximately 50 paces and hides as indicated by the Judge. The Judge then waves the assailant from the hide and the assailant runs towards the dog.
- 12) At the same time, the handler restrains his dog at the designated starting point, removes the lead, challenges the assailant and upon instruction from the Judge releases the dog.
- 13) The assailant threatens the dog verbally and physically, but again the dog does not receive any stick blows. Rather the stick blow is only used as a threat.
- 14) The handler is permitted to support his dog verbally.
- 15) Upon instruction from the Judge the assailant stands still.
- 16) The handler follows up to his dog, attaches the lead and reports to the Judge.

Character Grading

The following character gradings are used:

- Fit for Breeding - 1A
- Fit for Breeding - 1B
- Deferred;
- Unfit for Breeding.

Clarifications for the terms of the Character Gradings:

Fit for Breeding

1A

Dogs which are in order with regard to their entire character image. A dog can only be graded 1A if he displays a secure and outstanding impression at rest as well as in the manwork.

1B

Dogs whose overall character image is still acceptable in terms of the Breed Standard. A dog shall be graded 1B if his behavior at rest is acceptable and he shows protective fighting instinct.

Deferred

Dogs, about whose conduct justifiable doubt exists with regard to strength of character must be deferred. Such dogs may not be presented to any other judge for re-testing before a period of three months has expired. Should the dog not pass the second test then a further re-test is not possible. The dog is then classified as unfit for breeding.

Unfit for Breeding

Aggressive, shy and nervous dogs cannot be declared fit for breeding.

The assessments of the ZTP reports are recorded on the pedigrees.

XI. General conclusion

For the conduct of and participation at the ZTP, proof of insurance for the Organizer, Judge, Assailant, Trial responsible and helpers as well as handlers is required.

The ZTP regulations have been modified with the view of simplifying their inclusion into the electronic format and facilitating their transparency. The publication of these ZTP regulations (Club magazine – UD, Internet, dispatch etc.) invalidates all previous ZTP regulations.

Translated from the German May 2018

XII. Explanation of abbreviations

AZG	>	Arbeitsgemeinschaft der Zucht- und Gebrauchshundeverbände
BH	>	Begleit-Hundeprüfung
DV	>	Dobermann-Verein
HF	>	Hundeführer
HG	>	Hauptgeschäftsstelle
HZW	>	Hauptzuchtwart
IDC	>	Internationaler Dobermann Club
LG	>	Landesgruppe
VPG	>	Vielseitigkeitsprüfung
vWD	>	von Willebrand
ZTP	>	Zuchttauglichkeits-Prüfung
ZLBS	>	Zucht- und Leistungsbuchstelle
ZR	>	Zuchtrichter

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